

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

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now sincerely opposing Grant's re-election on the ground that he is a dangerous man—a man with Cossack proclivities. What self-satisfaction! If it is lawful and right, and safe to organize and hold in the field at all times, a great army for the government of freemen, does it not logically follow that it is right and proper, and necessary to have that army commanded in chief by one who is a military man by profession, and who has proven himself at all times ready and willing to shoot the people? These fellows should fall into line and mark time under Grant's political banner, or else take back all they have said in favor of a "policy army." It is not forgotten that the Democrats were bulldozed out of their President, fairly elected in 1876, by this same Grant and his army, nor is it forgotten that in a few months after that savage blow at liberty was made, Tecumseh Sherman, the Boss Bull-dog's Lieutenant, demanded that the Regular Army should be increased to 50,000 men, nor will it ever be forgotten that this demand was recorded and ardently advocated by certain so-called Democrats whose seal carried them so far as even to ridicule and stigmatize as demagogues those Democrats in Congress who had the manliness and the patriotism to oppose the measure. Let these men retract and reform before voting against Grant.

JOHN SHERMAN, the great American letter writer, who has been proved before the Potter Investigating Committee to be guilty of perjury, has written the Committee a letter asking that he be allowed to present testimony before it to prove that murder, whipping, burning, raiding and all other kinds of intimidation did prevail in Louisiana. If these did really exist, we would like to know what was the necessity of the following letter, which has been proved beyond doubt, that he wrote:

"New Orleans, Nov. 29, 1876.—Messrs. D. A. Weber and James E. Anderson—Gentlemen: Your note of even date has just been received. Neither Mr. Hayes, myself, the gentlemen who accompany me, or the country at large, can ever forget the obligations under which you will have placed me should you stand firm in the position you have taken. From a long and intimate acquaintance with Governor Hayes, I am justified in assuming the responsibility for perjury made, and will guarantee that you will be provided for as soon after the 4th of March as may be practicable, and in such manner as will enable you both to leave Louisiana, should you deem it necessary. Very truly yours,

JOHN SHERMAN."

The sale of the Chesapeake and Ohio R. R. having been confirmed by the Courts, the new company organized last week. Gen. W. C. Wickham, who has so manfully stood by the road since the war, serving it in its darkest days, first as Vice President, with entire control, and subsequently as Receiver, was made second Vice President, with office in Richmond, Va. He will continue to exercise the full management of the road, and he has issued an order retaining most of the former officials. Of the proceeds of the recent sale, \$190,712 has been decreed to be divided among the landholders having the first lien on the road.

It is said that Ed. Turner has the inside track for the Congressional nomination in the 8th District. He is a good fellow, a genuine Democrat, and would make a capital representative. Judge Durham is a clever gentleman, but he is opposed to the Southern Pacific railroad, is too free with the people's money in making appropriations for West Point, and has gone to Washington long enough. Whenever a man begins to feel that no body can fill his place, he ought to be left at home.—Winchester Democrat.

The Sunday Argus, having received additional proof of the marriage of Miss Mary Anderson, Louisville's bright theatrical star, reiterated its statement, which was contradicted by the daily papers, that she was united in matrimony immediately before sailing for Liverpool, to Lieut. Fremont. It assigns as a reason for the secrecy observed in the matter, that an actress invariably loses her pecuniary value when she becomes the sole property of one man.

Those successful swindlers, C. C. Barker & Co., who undertook most of the work on the Cincinnati Southern from Somerset, Southward to the county line, at figures a long ways below what they could complete it for, and encumbered nearly every body in that county, subsequently sold the Trustees of the road in the United States Court for \$59,000. The case was called a few days ago and decided in favor of the railroad.

The friends of Capt. Wm. Henry, President of Henry Academy, Versailles, Ky., are urging him to make the race for Superintendent of Public Instruction. He is spoken of as a gentleman of high literary attainments, and one competent in every way to fill the position. We are for any body to beat the present incumbent, or any other preacher.

The bids for the completion of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad from Somerset to Boyce Station, Tenn., close to-day, at 12 o'clock. We hope some responsible party will agree to complete it for \$2,000,000, so that the work can go on at once. The road is too necessary to be as it is.

EMMETT LOGAN witnessed the "great club" sitting astride the comb of the Club House, and when he saw that Mollie McCarthy was leading the horse for the first time he became so excited (he had let on the latter) that imagining himself on the back of Ten Broeck, he commenced kicking and spurring furiously. His motions ceased as he saw the mare throw up her tail and fall back, but his consciousness was gone, and he sat as one stiff in death. A friendly invitation to "take something" revived him, and thus was this bright and shining mark left to adorn yet a little while the charmed circle of mist julep destroyers.

During the year closing June 30th, \$19,468,618 worth of ordinary postage stamps was issued by the Postoffice Department, an increase of 1,282,932 over last year. The issues of newspaper stamps decreased from \$1,000,605 to \$1,093,845, and the issue of postage stamps from \$4,616,932 to \$4,905,774, and the issue of postal cards from about 170,000,000 to 200,000,000. The total amount of increase in the issues for sale to the public was \$1,978,169 as compared with the previous year.

GEN. DIAZ, of Mexico, having ordered his troops to resist any invasion of his territory by the United States army in pursuit of the border thieves, it has been decided by the Administration to force a peace or a war with Mexico, and to issue an order to occupy the Mexican border territory until the Diaz Government guarantees immunity from invasion.

We have received the two first numbers of the Honey Grove (Texas) Advocate, a neatly printed and carefully edited seven column paper. J. Mac Duna, a young gentleman well known in this vicinity, fathers the enterprise as editor and proprietor, and starts out with a determination to win. We take pleasure in placing it on our exchange list.

BENJ. NOYES, the swindling President of the National Capital Life Insurance Company, of New Haven, Conn., has been sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment at hard labor in the State prison. This is the kind of a sentence we like to read of. It means business, and promises a reform where it is sadly needed.

BAIRD MOUNTAIN, North Carolina, which about a year ago caused a sensation by giving forth a loud, rumbling noise, but which has since behaved itself like a little mountain should, resumed its rumbling a few days ago, and the whole region round about is wrought up with excitement.

THAT reliable paper, the Scientific American, has the facts to back it in its statement that there are over \$2,000,000 of counterfeit gold and silver coins in circulation in this country. The best plan when you get hold of one, is to do like they do the bell punch in Virginia—ring it.

JAMES GILMORE, an employee of the United States Express, at Cincinnati, has stolen \$15,000 from the company, and decamped. He has been in its employ for a number of years and had always borne an excellent character. His wife and children live in Dayton, Ky.

The great patent Medicine proprietor, Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell Mass., died a few days ago, aged 60. By close attention to his business and a liberal and continual advertising, he amassed a fortune estimated at fifteen millions of dollars.

There is the loveliest prospect for a general riot in Montreal, Canada, today, between the Orange men and the wearers of the green. The militia has been called out, and every precaution taken to nip it in the bud.

The prospect of a war in Europe has gone glimmering. The Congress in session at Berlin has fixed matters satisfactorily to all parties, and the war-like preparations that have been going on in England have ceased.

The Kirkville Fair will be held this year on July 19th and 20th, Harrodsburg. July 31st and August 1st, and the Anderson, Franklin and Salvia, at Lawrenceburg on the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th of August.

The Common Carrier Company will bid for the contract to complete and operate the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, and have voted unanimously to increase their capital stock to \$250,000.

The trial of John B. Cain for embezzling the funds of the Louisville Gas Company was ended yesterday by a verdict of "Not guilty." The jury was out only a few seconds.

Two hostile Indians are said to number 3,000 warriors and hold 4,000 square miles of territory. General Howard was whipping them, however, at last accounts in Oregon.

The Courier-Journal says that if Judge Durham fails to get the nomination for reelection to Congress, it will be because he opposes the Texas Pacific R. R. Jess so.

BUFFALO, N. Y., and Milwaukee, Wis. have both suffered from a visit of the fire fiend this week. The former counts its loss at \$140,000 and the latter at \$75,000.

The last Congress voted appropriations to the amount of \$157,263,933.

GEN. SHERMAN has issued an order calling the attention of all the officers of the army to the section in the "Army Appropriation Bill" providing that it shall not be lawful to employ any part of the army as a posse comitatus, or otherwise, for the purpose of executing the laws, except in such cases and under such circumstances as are expressly authorized by the Constitution or by act of Congress.

One of the handsome things that the Somerset Convention can, and ought to do, will be to endorse and recommend P. W. Hardin, Esq., of Mercer, for Attorney General. He is admirably fitted to fill the office, for, as a prosecuting attorney he has but few equals. His able speeches in the Grove Kennedy case won for him a great number of friends in this vicinity.

In the agony of his perturbed spirit, Dittoe, of the Newport Local, exclaims, "There must be a hell." We agree with him and can locate the institution. It is right in our office between the hours of 10 and 4, each day. The mercury in the thermometer never gets below 100°.

A WHITE man named George Joelin was waylaid in the Narrows in Hardin county, by three negroes and murdered for his money. After the deed the fiends sank his body to the bottom of a creek close by.

RELIGIOUS.

Elder Joseph Ballou will preach at the Christian church next Sunday at 11 o'clock. Services at the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening. Rev. G. R. Archibald, of Danville, will officiate.

Rev. H. M. Scudder, of the Presbyterian church, during his 20 years' charge of the Elizaville Church, in Nicholas county, has preached 1,800 sermons, married 200 couples, and preached more than 200 funeral discourses.

The Christian church at Kirksville, Madison county, was dedicated by Rev. T. P. Williamson, of Lexington. The building will seat 350 persons. A debt of \$650 was hanging over it at its completion, and last Sunday week in 15 minutes, \$200 was raised.

Mr. Barnes' meeting at Greensburg, has so far resulted in 132 confessions and a return to the fold of many back sinners and the warming up of numbers of cold Christians. The interest in the meeting is daily growing, as is shown by the large congregations that are drawn to hear the word of God so forcibly and plainly told.

The 4th Quarterly Conference for Stanford Station, M. E. Church South, will convene Saturday before the 3rd Sunday in this month, conducted by Rev. W. W. Chamberlain, Presiding Elder. The Holy Sacrament will be administered on Sunday, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Rev. Mr. Briggs will be present and preach the week following. This is the last Conference for the year.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NEWS.

Mr. Vernon.

ROCKCASTLE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

COUNTY JUDGE—G. W. McCLURE.

COUNTY CLERK—D. N. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY ATTORNEY—SAM. M. BURBETT.

SHERIFF—JOHN STEPHENS.

JAILER—J. L. JOPLIN.

ASSESSOR—J. W. KIRBY.

PRYVEYER—J. WALLIN.

CORONER—JNO. ALLEN.

QUALIFYING.

To you, your many readers and correspondents, we extend our hand and make bow.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. J. E. Vowle, one of our enterprising mechanics, has greatly added to the appearance of his store-house by extending it back some twenty feet and adding another story.

HE BIT ON THE MARE.

Quite a number of our sport-loving gentry went to the city last week to see the "big horn race." It is reported that one of them bit—not on Ten Broeck, and was convinced.

A BEAR LOOSE.

It was currently reported on the streets Monday, that an old bear and her cub had been prowling around Fine Hill, and that they had taken refuge in a cave in the vicinity. A lot of blades were to go next day and ones them.

CELEBRITY SCHOOL.

Prof. J. A. Rogers, of Danville, began teaching the public school at this place last Monday. Mr. Rogers is a young man of fine abilities, and we bespeak for him success. The parents and patrons should give him their earnest and hearty co-operation.

A BIRD FARM.

Mr. D. N. Williams, attorney-at-law for Caldwell Campbell, for the sale of lands, went last week upon a 1,500 acre tract, lying upon the waters of Rockcastle River, and is likely to sell the same to Mr. A. R. Thornton, of Paris, Ky., for the purpose of breeding cattle, hogs, &c.

MARRIAGES.

Our accommodating County Court Clerk has kindly furnished us with the following list of marriage licenses issued since "quinto" till the quill: Milton L. Warren, to Rebecca Stokes; Thomas F. Stringer, to Nannie Strain; Champ Hall to Rutia Frith; Sam R. Warnock to Susan Broughton; Jesse Rebeck to Matilda Haise; Wm. P. Hunt to Susan Roberts.

A little child, aged about five months, of Nathan McKee, who lives on Eagle Creek, died very mysteriously on the morning of the 10th inst. His mother nursed it a while before day break, and arose to prepare the morning meal, leaving it sleeping quietly. The father ate his breakfast and went out to his work. Shortly afterward Mrs. McKee approached the bed to make the little one, when to her horror, she found that it was dead. The child had been very healthy all its life, and the cause of its taking off remains a mystery. We extend our sympathy to its bereaved parents.

DECEASED.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE KIRKVILLE STOCK FAIR ASSOCIATION.

Will be held from Kirkville, Madison county, Ky., on Friday and Saturday, JULY THE 19TH AND 20TH, 1879.

THE FARMER'S PORTER.

The young folks of this place had a picnic on the town hill the 11th. They report a joyous day. There were, however, no firing of cannons and fireworks, and no general thing every body attended to their business as usual.

THE DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING will be held Monday, July 22nd, (County Court,) instead of July 20th, as reported in your last issue. We hope that every Democrat will feel himself sufficiently interested to perjure. If Mr. Alex. Lusk does not declare himself a candidate, the Hon. Thos. Turner will receive the instructions of this county without a dissenting voice.

THE COUNTY BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Composed of Commissioner Brown, J. L. Whitehead and J. W. Brown, met last Saturday for the purpose of examining teachers. We were sorry to learn that seven out of twenty applicants failed to pass a satisfactory examination, and were refused certificates by the Board. As there will be another examination to narrow work, wheel up boys, and try it again. We hope you will meet with better success next time.

THE CROPS.

We have been having a great deal of rain for the last week, and every thing looks flourishing. The wheat crop was about half a yield. The corn crop was never lower, but it is feared that the heavy rains and winds will damage it and prevent its being properly garnered. The corn crop is looking extremely well, and the crop of candidates were never better.

DEATHS.

We learn that a little five year old child of Reuben Reynolds, who lives in the West End, while playing around, fell into a kettle of boiling water. It lingered for a few hours in great agony and died. Died on Friday evening, July 5th, George Norman, infant son of Dr. Stephen W. and Sue W. Brown, aged four months. We extend to the family our heartfelt sympathy in their great bereavement. They should remember that "of such is the Kingdom of Heaven," and bow in humble submission to the decree of our All-wise Providence, banded by the promise and hope of a reunion hereafter, where there is to be no more separation nor death.

PERSONAL.

Master Willie Burdett, of Lancaster, is visiting his brother, Sam M. Burdett, and relatives here. Miss—Addie of Winchester, daughter of the Rev. Wm. Ashill, is visiting relatives and friends here. It is reported that one of our young men, whom we will call Tom, for short, is having pleasant dreams of love since he came into our midst. We don't blame you Tom, for she is a beauty. Mr. Jasper Williams, son of D. N. Williams, will leave in a few days for Carthage, Illinois, where he expects to attend College. Jasper is a young man of high promise, and this is a step in the right direction. We would be proud to see more of our youth follow his example.

Cash Orchard Springs.

This celebrated summer resort has been open for the season for about one month. There are now at the Springs 100 bathers, some in search of health, others seeking pleasure, only. The proprietors are expecting a very large crowd in a few days from Louisville and other cities.

The scenery at Cash Orchard is beautiful, miniature mountains in the distance almost enclose the most beautiful site for a city upon the continent. The air is pure and invigorating, and there is here, perhaps, the greatest variety of water in America—sulphur of every kind, chloride, opium, &c., and here the world-renowned Cash Orchard Salts are made. The buildings are large and commodious, and these seeking health or pleasure can find them here. A ride of three or four miles brings the admirer of the beautiful works of nature to the spurs of the Cumberland Mountains, upon whose barren summits the desolated peaks struggle with the stingy soil for a scanty bit of hold, and stand like ghastly sentinels their outposts as if looking for any invading foe who may wish to invade the peaceful solitude where Health has spread wide her soft white pinions.

Knowing that nothing can be said that would add to the great curative powers of these celebrated Springs, or give them a more extended fame, I close by inviting the pleasure-seekers and the invalids from all parts of the country

The Interior Journal.

STANFORD, KY.

Friday Morning, July 12, 1920.

A WOMAN'S ROMANCE.

By Louis Pratt.

A woman of medium height and of slightly built form, with a pleasant face, strongly tinged with masculinity, especially in the firm, determined jaw, and the square chin, so indicative of inflexibility and persistence of purpose; a complexion which without being coarse, has lost its feminine softness; a pair of steady gray, glittering eyes that bespeak indomitable sternness of will that no danger could turn from its aim—such was the lady with whom an Evening Post reporter conversed yesterday. Yet with all these traits, there was no obtrusive personality perceptible in her appearance, nothing to denote a career as strange and romantic as ever portrayed by that ingenious prince of marvelous fiction, Dumas pere. A quiet, unobtrusive lady-like of the demure character of all her actions. No one to gaze upon her would have imagined that she was a woman whose life had been so entirely out of the ordinary of feminine existence. One would have dreamed that this was a modern Joan of Arc. Yet such is Madame Loretta Junius Velazquez, to whom the foregoing description applies.

During the war she assumed masculine attire and received a commission as First Lieutenant in the Confederate army.

But to begin at the beginning, Mme. Velazquez, alias Lieutenant Harry T. Buford, of the Southern army, is descended from the old Spanish family of that name. Her father was a native of Cartagena, in Spain, and her mother was the daughter of a French naval officer by an American lady. In 1840 her father was appointed to an official position in Cuba, and two years later Mme. Velazquez, the sixth and last child, came into the world in a house in the Calle Velazquez, near the walls of the City of Havana, on the 25th of June, 1842, and the "little stranger" was christened Loretta Junius. When Loretta had nearly attained the age of one year, her father fell heir to a large estate in Texas, which at that time formed part of Mexico. Accordingly he resigned his position as employee of the Spanish Government in Cuba, and in 1844 accompanied his family to San Luis Potosi, in Central Mexico. In 1849, Loretta was sent to New Orleans to her maternal aunt, Mrs. R. R. Esplanade, to be educated. While there she fell desperately in love with an officer in the United States army, and as she had been betrothed against her will to a young Cuban, Loretta was determined not to marry the latter, and gave the first proof of her inflexibility of purpose in eloping with the American officer and becoming his wife despite the parental displeasure. Her husband remained in the regular army until the war broke out, when he espoused the cause of the Confederacy and was duly commissioned in the Southern army. Loretta was an enthusiastic champion of the Southern States, and such was her ardor that she at length communicated to her husband her resolution of donning male attire and procuring a commission. He attempted to dissuade her, but his remonstrances were of no avail; so he at last reluctantly acquiesced. Her transformation was complete, and the next appears on the scene as Harry T. Buford, First Lieutenant of the Independent Mounted Scouts. By some means she procured her commission from the Governor of Arkansas, dated May 28, 1861.

Shortly after this her husband was killed by the accidental explosion of a carbine at Pensacola, Florida, and she became a widow.

No one now knew the secret of her sex, excepting her banker at Memphis, who transacted all her business in Mexico and this country. The first engagement in which she took part, and the first time she was under fire, was at the first battle of Bull Run, when she served in General Longstreet's corps. General Evans, better known as "Shank", was her next commander, and during her service under him she participated in the battle of Leesburg, when she received her second "baptism of fire." Shortly afterward she was transferred to the Army of the Tennessee, under the command of General Johnston. At the battle of Shiloh, which suggested in her perilous duty as a scout, she was wounded in the shoulder by the explosion of a shell. She was taken to a hotel and tended by Dr. Byrd, who, of course, discovered her sex. Dr. Sharp, another physician, was also called in by Dr. Byrd, but both of them scrupulously respected her secret. As soon as she was able she was transported to New Orleans, where the physician in attendance, Doctor Stone, also discovered that she was a woman. He also maintained a rigorous silence with regard to the matter. New Orleans was soon afterward captured by General Butler. Mme. Velazquez used assumed female attire and acted as a spy for the Confederacy. Gen. Butler, however, discovered her machinations, and she was arrested, tried and sentenced, but released through the intervention of the British authorities. She then went back into the

service, again donning male costume. She had not, however, entirely recovered from the effects of the wound occasioned by the exploding shell, and was sent to the hospital. Here, of course, concealment of her sex was out of the question, and on the 26th of July, 1863, her true character was revealed.

The news spread throughout the camp, and as a consequence she was compelled to leave the regular service. She then went North to Washington, and was engaged in the Secret Service of the Confederacy. She made her appearance at the Capital as the widow of her deceased husband, and secured a position as "assistant attaché" in Colonel Baker, Chief of Detectives of the United States, and was thus able to furnish valuable and important information to her friends in the South. Mme. Velazquez next became involved in financing intrigues, and from the winter of 1863, to the close of the war she was busy trafficking in Northern and Southern bonds and stocks, and during that period made nine trips in Europe. In 1865, her brother accompanied her to Europe, where she remained until the Fall of 1866, when she returned and went on a tour to South America. From 1866 to 1869, she passed all her time exploring and traveling in the South American Republics, including Cuba and the West Indies. In 1869, she returned and went to California, where she was married a second time. Since that time she has been engaged in her work, "Women in Battle," which is her autobiography.

Last year she again visited the Capital, and has been before the Congressional Committee from October last, urging with all her power, success for the development of trade with Brazil. She is devoting her facilities and talents now to this scheme, and expresses her belief that the day is not far distant when the bulk of the South American trade will be carried on by this country. She believes that in a decade there will be direct railroad communication through Mexico and Central America to the Empire of Don Pedro, and she is energetic and untiring in her advocacy of the importance of these commercial conquests. The following extract from her autobiography will give an idea of how she managed to avoid detection in man's attire:

"My coats were heavily padded in the back and under the arms to the hips, until I reached New Orleans. This served to disguise my shape, but the padding was very uncomfortable, and I soon made up my mind that it would never do for a permanent arrangement. So I went to New Orleans. I went to an old French army tailor in Barrack street, who, I knew, was a very skillful, and who understood how to mind his own business without bothering too much about other people's affairs, and had him make for me half a dozen fine wire net shields. These I wore next my skin, and they proved very satisfactory in concealing my true form, and in giving me something the shape of a man, while they were by no means uncomfortable. Over the shields I wore an undershirt of silk or linen thread, and which was held in place by straps across the chest and shoulders, similar to the shoulder braces sometimes worn by men. A great many officers in the Confederate army have seen the impression of the straps through my shirt when I have had my coat off, and have supposed them to be shoulder braces. These undershirts could be rolled up into the small compass of a collar-box. Around the waist of each of the undershirts was a band with eyelet holes arranged for the purpose of making the waistband of my pantaloons stand out to the proper number of inches. A woman's waist, as a general thing, is tapering, and her hips very large in comparison with those of a man. So that if I had undertaken to wear pantaloons without some such contrivance they would have drawn in at the waist and revealed my true form. With such underwear as I used, any woman who can disguise her features can really pass for a man, and deceive the keenest observers. So many men have weak and feminine voices, that, providing the clothing is properly constructed and put on right, and the manner of their speech is well arranged, a woman with even a very high pitch of voice need have very little fear on that score. One of the principal causes of my detection after having successfully passed myself off as a man to thousands of keen-eyed observers, under circumstances where every thing was against the concealment of my sex, was, that my appearance got out of order so that I was forced to disrobe with it. I was to blame, too, for growing careless, and not always on my guard. There were several points about my disguise which were strictly my own invention, and which, for certain good and sufficient reasons, I did not care to give to the public. These added greatly to its efficiency. Indeed, after I had once become accustomed to male attire and to appearing before any body and every body in it, I lost all fear of being found out, and learned to act, talk and almost think as a man. Many a time when in camp I have gone to sleep when from fifty to sixty officers have been lying close together wrapped in their blankets, and have had no fear of detection."

She also wore a moustache and lipstick. In describing to the reporter

the modus operandi of living these hienic appendages, she said she took the hair between her fingers, and by a dexterous manipulation, after covering her upper lip and a portion of her chin with some specially prepared imported French moustache, applied it to her skin, and it would remain in position. The moustache and beard would not be removed except by the application of alcohol or ammonia, and would wear two or three weeks, not taking the least hurt by her ablutions. Mme. Velazquez is now in the city, and intends making it her headquarters for some time.

The following testimonial, signed by prominent Southern, is a proof of Mme. Velazquez's identity:

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

March 1, 1878.

Madame L. J. Velazquez (author of the "Women in Battle") has undertaken to make a tour of the Middle, Southern and Western States in the interest of the popular work, and also to aid in the establishment of direct commercial trade between the United States and Brazil, via her native island, Cuba, starting from the city of New Orleans. She is correspondent of several foreign, as well as native journals, through which she can give much aid in the great enterprise which she is engaged in. Every one who has seen her, and who has seen her in the past, and who has seen her in the future, will be able to recognize her. She is a lady of talents, energy and high personal character. Signed by Richard C. D. P. Culbertson, and many others.

Mme. Velazquez is five feet five and one-half inches in height, and weighs 139 pounds. When she was a Lieutenant in the Confederate army her weight was 159 pounds.

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The Best Love.

Home love is the best love. The love that you are born in is the sweetest you will ever have on earth. You, who are so anxious to escape from the home-nest, pause a moment and remember that this is so. It is right that the hour should come when you, in turn, should become a wife and mother and give the best love to nation; but that will be just it. No body—not a lover, not a husband—will ever be so tender or so true as your mother and father. Never again, after strangers have broken the beautiful bond, will there be any thing so sweet as the little circle of mother, father and children, where you were cherished, protected, praised and kept from harm.

You may not know it now, but you will know it some day. Whomsoever you marry—true and good though he may be—will, after the fever days are over and the honeymoon has waned, give you only what you deserve of love or sympathy—and usually much less—ever more. You must watch and be wary, lest you lose that love which came in through the eyes because the one who looked thought you beautiful. But those who love you, who loved you when you were that dreadful little object, a small baby, and thought you exquisitely beautiful and wonderfully brilliant—they do not care for face that are fairer and firmer that are more graceful than yours. You are their very own, and so better to them always than others.

A Dry Goods Palace.

A correspondent of the American Manufacturer says: "The United States Rolling Stock Company, at their shops in Chicago, are getting up what may be called a new departure. This is a palace dry goods car, to be used on railroads by dealers in dry goods, carrying samples along as well as stock to be delivered when sold. This car is 60 feet long, not including platform at each end, or 66 feet long over all. It is built as light as possible and yet is strong. The construction of the body is very simple, having only two large windows on each side for lighting purposes, but at each end there is to be a storeroom for the traveling merchant to occupy nights or days, while on the road. These storerooms are lighted by three small windows each. The inside of the car was not finished for use, so we cannot tell just how it is to be arranged, but no doubt convenient for the purpose. This car has a sub-cellar, so they call it, between the floor and the trucks, where may be stored large quantities of domestic goods while in transit, and it has what may be called a mezzanine roof, or double deck, for light and ventilation, giving it the appearance of a sleeping car—except the finish. This is a new enterprise, and it remains to be seen upon trial if it shall prove a successful one."

Mr. Jacobs' Sleeplessness.

"I used to be awake hour after hour, restless and nervous enough, longing for sleep which would not come, and thinking of a thousand things to worry and distract me all in a moment's time. I found a very simple thing at last which relieved both wakefulness and headache, and I have never been troubled in that way since. It is to put a teaspoonful of spirits of lavender into a half tumbler of water, and drink a little of it an hour or two before bed-time, and occasionally after sleep, till it takes effect. It does not produce sleep, but quiets the nerves and sleep follows. It is harmless."

A man who lost his good character.

Some time ago was severely hauled over by some of his former friends. "I know it, boys; I know my character is gone—lost entirely. And" he added rather pitifully, "it's too late to do anything about it. It was the only one I kept on crying, 'Mamma! mamma!' and pining her chubby fingers thru the grating of the window until the vehicle rolled away."

There are many ways in which one can annoy his friends.

A few of these are easily stated. Call upon people out of season; upon business people especially in business hours, for a long friendly chat on things in general. Stop people in the street if they appear to be in a hurry; if they are not in the latest cut and newest garments say you thought your friend was going in the (tailor's). Always assist the teller in the midst of a story or a statement. Come in late to church, or the concert or to dinner. Always laugh in the wrong place or about a minute too soon. Tell an anecdote that comes as near as possible to some unpleasant circumstance in the family affairs of a person present. It is a loss for conversation, the small-pox or drainage will fill up the gap.

The people of New Haven, Conn.,

wrote to Francis Murphy, the temperance lecturer, asking him to come to their city, and wished to know his terms. To the latter request he replied:

"I shall want \$150 a week and board at the best hotel. Yours in Christ,

FRANCIS MURPHY.

Little green apples, nestling amid

apple-blossoms and leaves, appeared recently on the dress of a rich California widow. We are sure this is the only proper way to wear green apples. Those worn on the inside are sure to create mischief.

Stanford Carriage Factory

ROYAL DUKE! CINCINNATI SOUTHERN R.R. SUMMER SCHEDULE. IN EFFECT APRIL 30TH, 1920.

TRAINS SOUTH BOUND.

STATIONS. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3.

Levee (Terminal) 7:00 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:00 a.m.

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